BASIC PLAN

ANGELINA COUNTY AND THE CITIES THEREOF

Burke, Lufkin, Diboll, Hudson, Huntington, & Zavalla

RECORD OF CHANGES

CHANGE #	DATE OF CHANGE	DESCRIPTION	CHANGED BY
01	11/04/2020	Changed Framework to Plan in I.A.9	Ricky Conner
02	11/04/2020	Changed Framework to Plan in I.A.11	Ricky Conner
03	11/04/2020	Deleted 12 in I.A.12	Ricky Conner
04	11/04/2020	Deleted "ensuring the needs of the whole community are met" in III.B.5	Ricky Conner
05	11/04/2020	Changed NRF to NRP in V.F.2.b	Ricky Conner
06	11/04/2020	Changed Framework to Plan in X. Attachment 2.6	Ricky Conner
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APPROVAL & IMPLEMENTATION

Angelina County and the cities of Burke, Lufkin, Diboll, Hudson, Huntington, & Zavalla

Emergency Management Plan

This emergency management plan is hereby approved. This plan is effective immediately and supersedes all previous editions.

Moydon P. Lymber of County Judge	18 Nov 2020 Date
Mayor of Burke	11/18/2020 Date
Mayor of Lufkin	11-17-2020 Date 11-20-2020 Date
Mayor of Diboll Mayor of Hudson	Date //-2/-2026 Date
Frank Horris Mayor of Huntington	11-18-20 Date
Mayor of Zavalla	Date

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BASIC PLAN

I. AUTHORITY

A. Federal

- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief & Emergency Assistance Act, (as amended), 42 U.S.C. 5121
- 2. Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, 42 USC Chapter 116
- 3. Emergency Management and Assistance, 44 CFR
- 4. Hazardous Waste Operations & Emergency Response, 29 CFR 1910.120
- 5. Homeland Security Act of 2002
- 6. Homeland Security Presidential Directive. HSPD-5, Management of Domestic Incidents
- 7. Homeland Security Presidential Directive, HSPD-3, Homeland Security Advisory System
- 8. National Incident Management System
- 9. National Response Plan
- 10. National Strategy for Homeland Security, July 2002
- 11. Nuclear/Radiological Incident Annex of the National Response Plan

B. State

- 1. Government Code, Chapter 418 (Emergency Management)
- 2. Government Code, Chapter 421 (Homeland Security)
- 3. Government Code, Chapter 433 (State of Emergency)
- 4. Government Code, Chapter 791 (Inter-local Cooperation Contracts)
- 5. Health & Safety Code, Chapter 778 (Emergency Management Assistance Compact)
- 6. Executive Order of the Governor Relating to Emergency Management
- 7. Executive Order of the Governor Relating to the National Incident Management System
- 8. Administrative Code, Title 37, Part 1, Chapter 7 (Division of Emergency Management)
- 9. The Texas Homeland Security Strategic Plan, Parts I and II, December 15, 2003
- 10. The Texas Homeland Security Strategic Plan, Part III, February 2004

C. Local

- Angelina County commissioner Court Order NO. VOL 0042, Page 255, Dated 30 May 1993.
- 2. City of Lufkin Ordinance No. 2945, Dated 06 April 1993.
- 3. City of Diboll Ordinance No. 95-4 Dated 18 December 1995.
- 4. City of Hudson Ordinance no. 10-5-95, Dated 05 October 1995
- 5. City of Huntington Ordinance No. 8-11-94, Dated 11 August 1994.
- 6. City of Zavalla Ordinance No. 55, Dated 13 November 1995.
- 7. Angelina County and City of Lufkin Joint Resolution, Dated 05 December 1995.
- 8. Angelina County and City of Diboll Joint Resolution, Dated 18 December 1995.
- 9. Angelina County and City of Hudson Joint Resolution, Dated 05 October 1995.
- 10. Angelina County and City of Huntington Joint Resolution, Dated 21 November 1996.
- 11. Angelina County and City of Zavalla Joint Resolution, Dated 13 November 1996.
- 12. Angelina County and City of Lufkin Mutual Aid Agreement, Dated 05 December 1995.
- 13. Angelina County and City of Diboll Mutual Aid Agreement, Dated 18 December 1995.

- 14. Angelina County and City of Hudson Mutual Aid Agreement, Dated 26 November 1996.
- 15. Angelina County and City of Huntington Mutual Aid Agreement, Dated 26 November 1996.
- 16. Angelina County and City of Zavalla Mutual Aid Agreement, Dated 12 December 1996.

II. PURPOSE

This Basic Plan outlines our approach to emergency operations, and is applicable to Angelina County and the Cities Thereof. It provides general guidance for emergency management activities and an overview of our methods of mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan describes our emergency response organization and assigns responsibilities for various emergency tasks. This plan is intended to provide a framework for more specific functional annexes that describe in more detail who does what, when, and how. This plan applies to all local officials, departments, and agencies. The primary audience for the document includes our chief elected official and other elected officials, the emergency management staff, department and agency heads and their senior staff members, leaders of local volunteer organizations that support emergency operations, and others who may participate in our mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery efforts.

III. EXPLANATION OF TERMS

A. Acronyms

AAR ARC CFR DDC DHS	After Action Report American Red Cross Code of Federal Regulations Disaster District Committee Department of Homeland Security
EOC	Emergency Operations or Operating Center
FBI	Federal Bureau of Investigation
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency, an element of the U.S.
ILIVIA	Department of Homeland Security
Hazmat	Hazardous Material
HSPD-5	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 5
ICP	Incident Command Post
ICS	Incident Command System
IP	Improvement Plan
JFO	Joint Field Office
JIC	Joint Information Center
NIMS	National Incident Management System
NRF	National Response Framework
OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
PIO	Public Information Officer
SOPs	Standard Operating Procedures
SOC	State Operations Center
TRRN	Texas Regional Response Network
TSA	The Salvation Army

B. Definitions

- 1. <u>Area Command (Unified Area Command).</u> An organization established (1) to oversee the management of multiple incidents that are each being managed by an ICS organization or (2) to oversee the management of large or multiple incidents to which several Incident Management Teams have been assigned. Sets overall strategy and priorities, allocates critical resources according to priorities, ensures that incidents are properly managed, and ensures that objectives are met and strategies followed. Area Command becomes Unified Area Command when incidents are multijurisdictional.
- 2. <u>Disaster District.</u> Disaster Districts are regional state emergency management organizations mandated by the Executive Order of the Governor relating to Emergency Management whose boundaries parallel those of Highway Patrol Districts and Sub-Districts of the Texas Department of Public Safety.
- 3. <u>Disaster District Committee</u>. The DDC consists of a Chairperson (the local Highway Patrol captain or command lieutenant), and agency representatives that mirror the membership of the State Emergency Management Council. The DDC Chairperson, supported by committee members, is responsible for identifying, coordinating the use of, committing, and directing state resources within the district to respond to emergencies.
- 4. <u>Emergency Operations Center</u>. Specially equipped facilities from which government officials exercise direction and control and coordinate necessary resources in an emergency situation.
- 5. <u>Public Information</u>. Information that is disseminated to the public via the news media before, during, and/or after an emergency or disaster.
- 6. <u>Emergency Situations</u>. As used in this plan, this term is intended to describe a *range* of occurrences, from a minor incident to a catastrophic disaster. It includes the following:
 - a. <u>Incident</u>. An incident is a situation that is limited in scope and potential effects. Characteristics of an incident include:
 - 1) Involves a limited area and/or limited population.
 - 2) Evacuation or in-place sheltering is typically limited to the immediate area of the incident.
 - 3) Warning and public instructions are provided in the immediate area, not community-wide.
 - 4) One or two local response agencies or departments acting under an incident commander normally handle incidents. Requests for resource support are normally handled through agency and/or departmental channels.
 - 5) May require limited external assistance from other local response agencies or contractors.
 - 6) For the purposes of the NRF, incidents include the full range of occurrences that require an emergency response to protect life or property.
 - b. <u>Emergency</u>. An emergency is a situation that is larger in scope and more severe in terms of actual or potential effects than an incident. Characteristics include:

- 1) Involves a large area, significant population, or important facilities.
- 2) May require implementation of large-scale evacuation or in-place sheltering and implementation of temporary shelter and mass care operations.
- 3) May require community-wide warning and public instructions.
- 4) Requires a sizable multi-agency response operating under an incident commander.
- 5) May require some external assistance from other local response agencies, contractors, and limited assistance from state or federal agencies.
- 6) The EOC will be activated to provide general guidance and direction, coordinate external support, and provide resource support for the incident.
- 7) For the purposes of the NRF, an emergency (as defined by the Stafford Act) is "any occasion or instance for which, in the determination of the President, Federal assistance is needed to supplement State and local efforts and capabilities to save lives and to protect property and public health and safety, or to lessen or avert the threat of catastrophe in any part of the United States."
- c. <u>Disaster</u>. A disaster involves the occurrence or threat of significant casualties and/or widespread property damage that is beyond the capability of the local government to handle with its organic resources. Characteristics include:
 - 1) Involves a large area, a sizable population, and/or important facilities.
 - 2) May require implementation of large-scale evacuation or in-place sheltering and implementation of temporary shelter and mass care operations.
 - 3) Requires community-wide warning and public instructions.
 - 4) Requires a response by all local response agencies operating under one or more incident commanders.
 - 5) Requires significant external assistance from other local response agencies, contractors, and extensive state or federal assistance.
 - 6) The EOC will be activated to provide general guidance and direction, provide emergency information to the public, coordinate state and federal support, and coordinate resource support for emergency operations.
 - 7) For the purposes of the NRF, a *major disaster* (as defined by the Stafford Act) is any catastrophe, regardless of the cause, which in the determination of the President causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant major disaster federal assistance.
- d. <u>Catastrophic Incident.</u> For the purposes of the NRF, this term is used to describe any natural or manmade occurrence that results in extraordinary levels of mass casualties, property damage, or disruptions that severely affect the population, infrastructure, environment, economy, national morale, and/or government functions. An occurrence of this magnitude would result in sustained national impacts over prolonged periods of time, and would immediately overwhelm local and state capabilities. All catastrophic incidents are *Incidents of National Significance*.
- 7. <u>Hazard Analysis</u>. A document, published separately from this plan that identifies the local hazards that have caused or possess the potential to adversely affect public health and safety, public or private property, or the environment.
- 8. <u>Hazardous Material (Hazmat)</u>. A substance in a quantity or form posing an unreasonable risk to health, safety, and/or property when manufactured, stored, or transported. The

substance, by its nature, containment, and reactivity, has the capability for inflicting harm during an accidental occurrence. Is toxic, corrosive, flammable, reactive, an irritant, or a strong sensitizer, and poses a threat to health and the environment when improperly managed. Includes toxic substances, certain infectious agents, radiological materials, and other related materials such as oil, used oil, petroleum products, and industrial solid waste substances.

- 9. <u>Inter-local agreements</u>. Arrangements between governments or organizations, either public or private, for reciprocal aid and assistance during emergency situations where the resources of a single jurisdiction or organization are insufficient or inappropriate for the tasks that must be performed to control the situation. Commonly referred to as mutual aid agreements.
- 10. <u>Stafford Act</u>. The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act authorizes federal agencies to undertake special measures designed to assist the efforts of states in expediting the rendering of aid, assistance, emergency services, and reconstruction and rehabilitation of areas devastated by disaster.
- 11. <u>Standard Operating Procedures</u>. Approved methods for accomplishing a task or set of tasks. SOPs are typically prepared at the department or agency level. May also be referred to as Standard Operating Guidelines (SOGs).

IV. SITUATION AND ASSUMPTIONS

A. Situation

Angelina County and the Cities Thereof is exposed to many hazards, all of which have the potential for disrupting the community, causing casualties, and damaging or destroying public or private property. A summary of our major hazards is provided in Figure 1. More detailed information is provided in our Hazard Analysis, published separately.

Figure 1

HAZARD SUMMARY

	Likelihood of Occurrence*	Estimated Impact on Public Health & Safety	Estimated Impact on Property
Hazard Type:	(See below)	Limited Moderate Major	Limited Moderate Major
Natural			
Drought	LIKELY	←	←
Earthquake	HIGHLY UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Flash Flooding	LIKELY	←	←
Flooding (river or tidal)	UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Hurricane	LIKELY	←	←
Subsidence	UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Tornado	LIKELY	←	←
Wildfire	LIKELY	←	←
Winter Storm	Occasional	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Technological		3	
Dam Failure	UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Energy/Fuel Shortage	Occasional	←	←
Hazmat/Oil Spill (fixed site)	LIKELY	←	←
Hazmat/Oil Spill (transport)	LIKELY	←	←
Major Structural Fire	LIKELY	←	←
Nuclear Facility Incident	UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Water System Failure	OCCASIONAL	←	(
Security			
Civil Disorder	Occasional	←	←
Enemy Military Attack	UNLIKELY	N/A	N/A
Terrorism	LIKELY	←	←
* Likelihood of Occurrence:	Unlikely, Occasiona	al, Likely, or Highly Likely	

B. Assumptions

- 1. Angelina County and the Cities Thereof will continue to be exposed to and subject to the impact of those hazards described above and as well as lesser hazards and others that may develop in the future.
- 2. It is possible for a major disaster to occur at any time and at any place. In many cases, dissemination of warning to the public and implementation of increased readiness measures may be possible. However, some emergency situations occur with little or no warning.
- 3. Outside assistance will be available in most emergency situations affecting Angelina County and the Cities Thereof. Since it takes time to summon external assistance, it is essential for us to be prepared to carry out the initial emergency response on an independent basis.
- 4. Proper mitigation actions, such as floodplain management, and fire inspections, can prevent or reduce disaster-related losses. Detailed emergency planning, training of emergency responders and other personnel, and conducting periodic emergency drills and exercises can improve our readiness to deal with emergency situations.

V. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

A. Objectives

The objectives of our emergency management program are to protect public health and safety and preserve public and private property.

B. General

- 1. It is our responsibility to protect public health and safety and preserve property from the effects of hazardous events. We have the primary role in identifying and mitigating hazards, preparing for and responding to, and managing the recovery from emergency situations that affect our community.
- 2. It is impossible for government to do everything that is required to protect the lives and property of our population. Our citizens have the responsibility to prepare themselves and their families to cope with emergency situations and manage their affairs and property in ways that will aid the government in managing emergencies. We will assist our citizens in carrying out these responsibilities by providing public information and instructions prior to and during emergency situations.
- 3. Local government is responsible for organizing, training, and equipping local emergency responders and emergency management personnel, providing appropriate emergency facilities, providing suitable warning and communications systems, and for contracting for emergency services. The state and federal governments offer programs that provide some assistance with portions of these responsibilities.
- 4. To achieve our objectives, we have organized an emergency management program that is both integrated (employs the resources of government, organized volunteer groups, and businesses) and comprehensive (addresses mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery). This plan is one element of our preparedness activities.
- 5. This plan is based on an all-hazard approach to emergency planning. It addresses general functions that may need to be performed during <u>any</u> emergency situation and is not a collection of plans for specific types of incidents. For example, the warning annex addresses techniques that can be used to warn the public during any emergency situation, whatever the cause.
- 6. Departments and agencies tasked in this plan are expected to develop and keep current standard operating procedures that describe how emergency tasks will be performed. Departments and agencies are charged with ensuring the training and equipment necessary for an appropriate response are in place.
- 7. This plan is based upon the concept that the emergency functions that must be performed by many departments or agencies generally parallel some of their normal day-to-day functions. To the extent possible, the same personnel and material resources used for day-to-day activities will be employed during emergency situations. Because personnel and equipment resources are limited, some routine functions that do not contribute directly

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to the emergency may be suspended for the duration of an emergency. The personnel, equipment, and supplies that would normally be required for those functions will be redirected to accomplish emergency tasks.

- 8. We have adopted the National Incident Management System (NIMS) in accordance with the President's Homeland Security Directive (HSPD)-5. Our adoption of NIMS will provide a consistent approach to the effective management of situations involving natural or manmade disasters, or terrorism. NIMS allows us to integrate our response activities using a set of standardized organizational structures designed to improve interoperability between all levels of government, private sector, and nongovernmental organizations.
- 9. This plan, in accordance with the National Response Framework (NRF), is an integral part of the national effort to prevent, and reduce America's vulnerability to terrorism, major disasters, and other emergencies, minimize the damage and recover from attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies that occur. In the event of an Incident of national significance, as defined in HSPD-5, we will integrate all operations with all levels of government, private sector, and nongovernmental organizations through the use of NRF coordinating structures, processes, and protocols.

C. Operational Guidance

We will employ the six components of the NIMS in all operations, which will provide a standardized framework that facilitates our operations in all phases of emergency management. Attachment 7 provides further details on the NIMS.

 Initial Response. Our emergency responders are likely to be the first on the scene of an emergency situation. They will normally take charge and remain in charge of the incident until it is resolved or others who have legal authority to do so assume responsibility. They will seek guidance and direction from our local officials and seek technical assistance from state and federal agencies and industry where appropriate.

2. Implementation of ICS

- a. The first local emergency responder to arrive at the scene of an emergency situation will implement the incident command system and serve as the incident commander until relieved by a more senior or more qualified individual. The incident commander will establish an incident command post (ICP) and provide an assessment of the situation to local officials, identify response resources required, and direct the onscene response from the ICP.
- b. For some types of emergency situations, a specific incident scene may not exist in the initial response phase and the EOC may accomplish initial response actions, such as mobilizing personnel and equipment and issuing precautionary warning to the public. As the potential threat becomes clearer and a specific impact site or sites identified, an incident command post may be established, and direction and control of the response transitioned to the Incident Commander.
- Source and Use of Resources.

- a. We will use our own resources, all of which meet the requirements for resource management in accordance with the NIMS, to respond to emergency situations, purchasing supplies and equipment if necessary, and request assistance if our resources are insufficient or inappropriate. §418.102 of the Government Code provides that the county should be the first channel through which a municipality requests assistance when its resources are exceeded. If additional resources are required, we will:
 - 1) Summon those resources available to us pursuant to inter-local agreements. See Attachment 6 to this plan, which summarizes the inter-local agreements and identifies the officials authorized to request those resources.
 - Summon emergency service resources that we have contracted for. See Attachment 6.
 - 3) Request assistance from volunteer groups active in disasters.
 - 4) Request assistance from industry or individuals who have resources needed to deal with the emergency situation.
- b. When external agencies respond to an emergency situation within our jurisdiction, we expect them to conform to the guidance and direction provided by our incident commander, which will be in accordance with the NIMS.

D. Incident Command System (ICS)

- 1. We intend to employ ICS, an integral part of the NIMS, in managing emergencies. ICS is both a strategy and a set of organizational arrangements for directing and controlling field operations. It is designed to effectively integrate resources from different agencies into a temporary emergency organization at an incident site that can expand and contract with the magnitude of the incident and resources on hand. A summary of ICS is provided in Attachment 7.
- 2. The incident commander is responsible for carrying out the ICS function of command -managing the incident. The four other major management activities that form the basis of
 ICS are operations, planning, logistics, and finance/administration. For small-scale
 incidents, the incident commander and one or two individuals may perform all of these
 functions. For larger incidents, a number of individuals from different departments or
 agencies may be assigned to separate staff sections charged with those functions.
- 3. An incident commander using response resources from one or two departments or agencies can handle the majority of emergency situations. Departments or agencies participating in this type of incident response will normally obtain support through their own department or agency.
- 4. In emergency situations where other jurisdictions or the state or federal government are providing significant response resources or technical assistance, it is generally desirable to transition from the normal ICS structure to a Unified or Area Command structure. This arrangement helps to ensure that all participating agencies are involved in developing objectives and strategies to deal with the emergency. Attachment 7 provides additional information on Unified and Area Commands.

E. ICS - EOC Interface

- 1. For major emergencies and disasters, the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) will be activated. When the EOC is activated, it is essential to establish a division of responsibilities between the incident command post and the EOC. A general division of responsibilities is outlined below. It is essential that a precise division of responsibilities be determined for specific emergency operations.
- 2. The incident commander is generally responsible for field operations, including:
 - a. Isolating the scene.
 - b. Directing and controlling the on-scene response to the emergency situation and managing the emergency resources committed there.
 - c. Warning the population in the area of the incident and providing emergency instructions to them.
 - d. Determining and implementing protective measures (evacuation or in-place sheltering) for the population in the immediate area of the incident and for emergency responders at the scene.
 - e. Implementing traffic control arrangements in and around the incident scene.
 - f. Requesting additional resources from the EOC.
- 3. The EOC is generally responsible for:
 - a. Providing resource support for the incident command operations.
 - b. Issuing community-wide warning.
 - c. Issuing instructions and providing information to the general public.
 - d. Organizing and implementing large-scale evacuation.
 - e. Organizing and implementing shelter and mass arrangements for evacuees.
 - f. Coordinating traffic control for large-scale evacuations.
 - g. Requesting assistance from the State and other external sources.
- 4. In some large-scale emergencies or disasters, emergency operations with different objectives may be conducted at geographically separated scenes. In such situations, more than one incident command operation may be established. If this situation occurs, a transition to an Area Command or a Unified Area Command is desirable, and the allocation of resources to specific field operations will be coordinated through the EOC.

F. State, Federal & Other Assistance

- 1. State & Federal Assistance
 - a. If local resources are inadequate to deal with an emergency situation, we will request assistance from the State. State assistance furnished to local governments is intended to supplement local resources and not substitute for such resources, including mutual aid resources, equipment purchases or leases, or resources covered by emergency service contracts. As noted previously, cities must request assistance from their county before requesting state assistance.
 - b. Requests for state assistance should be made to the Disaster District Committee (DDC) Chairperson, who is located at the Department of Public Safety District Office

in Lufkin. See Appendix 3 to Annex M, Resource Management, for a form that can be used to request state assistance. In essence, state emergency assistance to local governments begins at the DDC level and the key person to validate a request for, obtain, and provide that state assistance and support is the DDC Chairperson. A request for state assistance must be made by the chief elected official, the County Judge or Mayor, and may be made by telephone, fax, or teletype. The DDC Chairperson has the authority to utilize all state resources within the district to respond to a request for assistance, with the exception of the National Guard. Use of National Guard resources requires approval of the Governor.

c. The Disaster District staff will forward requests for assistance that cannot be satisfied by state resources within the District to the State Operations Center (SOC) in Austin for action.

2. Other Assistance

- a. If resources required to control an emergency situation are not available within the State, the Governor may request assistance from other states pursuant to a number of interstate compacts or from the federal government through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
- b. For major emergencies and disasters for which a Presidential declaration has been issued, federal agencies may be mobilized to provide assistance to states and local governments. The National Response Framework (NRF) describes the policies, planning assumptions, concept of operations, and responsibilities of designated federal agencies for various response and recovery functions. The Nuclear/Radiological Incident Annex of the NRP addresses the federal response to major incidents involving radioactive materials.
- c. FEMA has the primary responsibility for coordinating federal disaster assistance. No direct federal disaster assistance is authorized prior to a Presidential emergency or disaster declaration, but FEMA has limited authority to stage initial response resources near the disaster site and activate command and control structures prior to a declaration and the Department of Defense has the authority to commit its resources to save lives prior to an emergency or disaster declaration. See Annex J, Recovery, for additional information on the assistance that may be available during disaster recovery.
- d. The NRF applies to Stafford and non-Stafford Act incidents and is designed to accommodate not only actual incidents, but also the threat of incidents. Therefore, NRF implementation is possible under a greater range of incidents.

G. Emergency Authorities

- 1. Key federal, state, and local legal authorities pertaining to emergency management are listed in Section I of this plan.
- 2. Texas statutes and the Executive Order of the Governor Relating to Emergency Management provide local government, principally the chief elected official, with a number

of powers to control emergency situations. If necessary, we shall use these powers during emergency situations. These powers include:

- a. <u>Emergency Declaration</u>. In the event of riot or civil disorder, the County Judge or Mayor may request the Governor to issue an emergency declaration for this jurisdiction and take action to control the situation. Use of the emergency declaration is explained in Annex U, Legal.
- b. <u>Disaster Declaration</u>. When an emergency situation has caused severe damage, injury, or loss of life or it appears likely to do so, the County Judge or Mayor may by executive order or proclamation declare a local state of disaster. The County Judge or Mayor may subsequently issue orders or proclamations referencing that declaration to invoke certain emergency powers granted the Governor in the Texas Disaster Act on an appropriate local scale in order to cope with the disaster. These powers include:
 - 1) Suspending procedural laws and rules to facilitate a timely response.
 - 2) Using all available resources of government and commandeering private property, subject to compensation, to cope with the disaster.
 - 3) Restricting the movement of people and occupancy of premises.
 - 4) Prohibiting the sale or transportation of certain substances.
 - 5) Implementing price controls.

A local disaster declaration activates the recovery and rehabilitation aspects of this plan. A local disaster declaration <u>is required</u> to obtain state and federal disaster recovery assistance. See Annex U, Legal, for further information on disaster declarations and procedures for invoking emergency powers.

c. <u>Authority for Evacuations</u>. State law provides a county judge or mayor with the authority to order the evacuation of all or part of the population from a stricken or threatened area within their respective jurisdictions.

H. Actions by Phases of Emergency Management

1. This plan addresses emergency actions that are conducted during all four phases of emergency management.

a. Mitigation

We will conduct mitigation activities as an integral part of our emergency management program. Mitigation is intended to eliminate hazards, reduce the probability of hazards causing an emergency situation, or lessen the consequences of unavoidable hazards. Mitigation should be a pre-disaster activity, although mitigation may also occur in the aftermath of an emergency situation with the intent of avoiding repetition of the situation. Our mitigation program is outlined in Annex P, Mitigation.

b. Preparedness

We will conduct preparedness activities to develop the response capabilities needed in the event an emergency. Among the preparedness activities included in our emergency management program are:

- 1) Providing emergency equipment and facilities.
- 2) Emergency planning, including maintaining this plan, its annexes, and appropriate SOPs.
- 3) Conducting or arranging appropriate training for emergency responders, emergency management personnel, other local officials, and volunteer groups who assist us during emergencies.
- 4) Conducting periodic drills and exercises to test our plans and training.

c. Response

We will respond to emergency situations effectively and efficiently. The focus of most of this plan and its annexes is on planning for the response to emergencies. Response operations are intended to resolve an emergency situation while minimizing casualties and property damage. Response activities include warning, emergency medical services, firefighting, law enforcement operations, evacuation, shelter and mass care, emergency public information, search and rescue, as well as other associated functions.

d. Recovery

If a disaster occurs, we will carry out a recovery program that involves both short-term and long-term efforts. Short-term operations seek to restore vital services to the community and provide for the basic needs of the public. Long-term recovery focuses on restoring the community to its normal state. The federal government, pursuant to the Stafford Act, provides the vast majority of disaster recovery assistance. The recovery process includes assistance to individuals, businesses, and to government and other public institutions. Examples of recovery programs include temporary housing, restoration of government services, debris removal, restoration of utilities, disaster mental health services, and reconstruction of damaged roads and bridges. Our recovery program is outlined in Annex J, Recovery.

VI. ORGANIZATION AND ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Organization

1. General

Most departments and agencies of local government have emergency functions in addition to their normal day-to-day duties. During emergency situations, our normal organizational arrangements are modified to facilitate emergency operations. Our governmental organization for emergencies includes an executive group, emergency services, and support services. Attachment 3 depicts our emergency organization.

2. Executive Group

The Executive Group provides guidance and direction for emergency management programs and for emergency response and recovery operations. The Executive Group

includes the County Judge, Mayor(s), City Manager(s), and Emergency Management Coordinator(s).

3. Emergency Services

Emergency Services include the Incident Commander and those departments, agencies, and groups with primary emergency response actions. The incident commander is the person in charge at an incident site.

4. Emergency Support Services

This group includes departments and agencies that support and sustain emergency responders and also coordinate emergency assistance provided by organized volunteer organizations, business and industry, and other sources.

5 Volunteer and Other Services

This group includes organized volunteer groups and businesses that have agreed to provide certain support for emergency operations.

B. Assignment of Responsibilities

1. General

For most emergency functions, successful operations require a coordinated effort from a number of departments, agencies, and groups. To facilitate a coordinated effort, elected and appointed officials, departments and agency heads, and other personnel are assigned primary responsibility for planning and coordinating specific emergency functions. Generally, primary responsibility for an emergency function will be assigned to an individual from the department or agency that has legal responsibility for that function or possesses the most appropriate knowledge and skills. Other officials, departments, and agencies may be assigned support responsibilities for specific emergency functions. Attachment 4 summarizes the general emergency responsibilities of local officials, department and agency heads, and other personnel.

2. The individual having primary responsibility for an emergency function is normally responsible for coordinating preparation of and maintaining that portion of the emergency plan that addresses that function. Plan and annex assignments are outlined in Attachment 5. Listed below are general responsibilities assigned to the Executive Group, Emergency Services, Support Services, and other Support Agencies. Additional specific responsibilities can be found in the functional annexes to this Basic Plan.

3. Executive Group Responsibilities

a. The County Judge and Mayors will:

- 1) Establish objectives and priorities for the emergency management program and provide general policy guidance on the conduct of that program.
- 2) Monitor the emergency response during disaster situations and provides direction where appropriate.

- 3) With the assistance of the Public Information Officer, keep the public informed during emergency situations.
- 4) With the assistance of the legal staff, declare a local state of disaster, request the Governor declare a state of emergency, or invoke the emergency powers of government when necessary.
- 5) Request assistance from other local governments or the State when necessary
- 6) Direct activation of the EOC.
- b. The Judge Pre-tem to the County Judge or City Manager will:
 - 1) Implement the policies and decisions of the governing body relating to emergency management.
 - 2) Organize the emergency management program and identifies personnel, equipment, and facility needs.
 - 3) Assign emergency management program tasks to departments and agencies.
 - 4) Ensure that departments and agencies participate in emergency planning, training, and exercise activities.
 - 5) Coordinate the operational response of local emergency services.
 - 6) Coordinate activation of the EOC and supervise its operation.
- c. The Emergency Management Coordinator will:
 - 1) Serve as the staff advisor to our County Judge, Mayor, and City Manager on emergency management matters.
 - 2) Keep the County Judge, Mayor, and City Manager governing body apprised of our preparedness status and emergency management needs.
 - 3) Coordinate local planning and preparedness activities and the maintenance of this
 - 4) Prepare and maintain a resource inventory.
 - 5) Arrange appropriate training for local emergency management personnel and emergency responders.
 - 6) Coordinate periodic emergency exercises to test our plan and training.
 - 7) Manage the EOC, develop procedures for its operation, and conduct training for those who staff it.
 - 8) Activate the EOC when required.
 - 9) Perform day-to-day liaison with the state emergency management staff and other local emergency management personnel.
 - 10) Coordinate with organized volunteer groups and businesses regarding emergency operations.
- 4. Common Responsibilities

All emergency services and support services will:

- a. Provide personnel, equipment, and supplies to support emergency operations upon request.
- b. Develop and maintain SOPs for emergency tasks.

- c. Provide trained personnel to staff the incident command post and EOC and conduct emergency operations.
- d. Provide current information on emergency resources for inclusion in the Resource List in Appendix 1 to Annex M, Resource Management.
- e. Report information regarding emergency situations and damage to facilities and equipment to the Incident Commander or the EOC.

5. Emergency Services Responsibilities

- a. The Incident Commander will:
 - 1) Manage emergency response resources and operations at the incident site command post to resolve the emergency situation.
 - 2) Determine and implement required protective actions for response personnel and the public at an incident site.

b. Warning.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Police Chiefs and County Sheriff, who will prepare and maintain Annex A (Warning) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Receive information on emergency situations.
 - b) Alert key local officials of emergency situations.
 - c) Disseminate warning information and instructions to the public through available warning systems.
 - d) Disseminate warning and instructions to special facilities such as schools and hospitals.

c. Communications.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Police Chiefs and the County Sheriff, who will prepare and maintain Annex B (Communications) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Identify the communications systems available with the local area and determine the connectivity of those systems, and ensure their interoperability.
 - b) Develop plans and procedures for coordinated use of the various communications systems available in this jurisdiction during emergencies.
 - c) Determine and implement means of augmenting communications during emergencies, including support by volunteer organizations.
- d. Radiological Protection.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Fire Chief/Fire Marshal, who will prepare and maintain Annex D (Radiological Protection) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Maintain inventory of radiological equipment.
 - b) Ensure response forces include personnel with current training in radiological monitoring and decontamination.
 - c) Respond to radiological incidents and terrorist incidents involving radiological materials.
 - d) Make notification concerning radiological incidents to state and federal authorities

e. Evacuation.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Police Chiefs and County Sheriff, who will prepare and maintain Annex E (Evacuation) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Identify areas where evacuation has been or may be in the future and determination of population at risk.
 - b) Perform evacuation planning for known risk areas to include route selection and determination of traffic control requirements.
 - c) Develop simplified planning procedures for ad hoc evacuations.
 - d) Determine emergency public information requirements.
 - e) Perform evacuation planning for functional and access needs facilities (schools, hospitals, nursing homes, and other institutions.

f. Firefighting.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Fire Chief, Assistant fire Chief, and Fire Marshal, who will prepare and maintain Annex F (Firefighting) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Fire prevention activities.
 - b) Fire detection and control.
 - c) Hazardous material and oil spill response.
 - d) Terrorist incident response.
 - e) Evacuation support.
 - f) Post-incident reconnaissance and damage assessment.
 - g) Fire safety inspection of temporary shelters.
 - h) Prepare and maintain fire resource inventory.
- g. Law Enforcement.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Police Chiefs and Sheriff's Office, who will prepare and maintain Annex G (Law Enforcement) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Maintenance of law and order.
 - b) Traffic control.
 - c) Terrorist incident response.
 - d) Provision of security for vital facilities, evacuated areas, and shelters.
 - e) Access control for damaged or contaminated areas.
 - f) Warning support.
 - g) Post-incident reconnaissance and damage assessment.
 - h) Prepare and maintain law enforcement resource inventory.
- h. Health and Medical Services.
 - 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to Angelina County and Cities Health District and EMS Services, who will prepare and maintain Annex H (Public Health & Medical Services) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
 - 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Coordinate health and medical care and EMS support during emergency situations.
 - b) Public health information and education.
 - c) Inspection of food and water supplies.
 - d) Develop emergency public health regulations and orders.
 - e) Coordinate collection, identification, and interment of deceased victims.
- i. Direction and Control.
 - 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Judge/Mayor who will prepare and maintain Annex N (Direction & Control) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
 - 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Direct and control our local operating forces.
 - b) Maintain coordination with neighboring jurisdictions and the Disaster District in Disaster District in Lufkin, Sub 2B.
 - c) Maintain the EOC in an operating mode or be able to convert the designated facility space into an operable EOC rapidly.
 - d) Assigns representatives, by title, to report to the EOC and develops procedures for crisis training.
 - e) Develops and identifies the duties of the staff, use of displays and message forms, and procedures for EOC activation.
 - f) Coordinates the evacuation of areas at risk.

- j. Hazardous Materials & Oil Spill.
 - The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Fire Chief/Fire Marshal, who will prepare and maintain Annex Q (Hazardous Material & Oil Spill Response) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
 - 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) In accordance with OSHA regulations, establish ICS to manage the response to hazardous materials incidents.
 - b) Establish the hazmat incident functional areas (e.g., Hot Zone, cool zone, Cold Zone, etc.)
 - c) Determine and implement requirements for personal protective equipment for emergency responders.
 - d) Initiate appropriate actions to control and eliminate the hazard in accordance with established hazmat response guidance and SOPs.
 - e) Determine areas at risk and which public protective actions, if any, should be implemented.
 - f) Apply appropriate firefighting techniques if the incident has, or may, result in a fire.
 - g) Determines when affected areas may be safely reentered.

k. Search & Rescue.

- 1) The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Fire Chief/Fire Marshal, who will prepare and maintain Annex R (Search and Rescue) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Coordinate and conduct search and rescue activities.
 - b) Identify requirements for specialized resources to support rescue operations.
 - c) Coordinate external technical assistance and equipment support for search and rescue operations.
- I. Terrorist Incident Response.
 - 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Police Chiefs and Sheriff's Office, who will prepare and maintain Annex V (Terrorist Incident Response) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
 - 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Coordinate and carry out defensive anti-terrorist activities, including criminal intelligence, investigation, protection of facilities, and public awareness activities.
 - b) Coordinate and carry out offensive counter-terrorist operations to neutralize terrorist activities.
 - c) Carry out terrorism consequence operations conducted in the aftermath of a terrorist incident to save lives and protect public and private property.

d) Ensure required notification of terrorist incidents is made to state and federal authorities.

6. Support Services Responsibilities

- a. Shelter and Mass Care.
 - 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to Red Cross Director, who will prepare and maintain Annex C (Shelter and Mass Care) to this plan and supporting SOPs
 - 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Perform emergency shelter and mass care planning.
 - b) Coordinate and conduct shelter and mass care operations with our other departments, relief agencies, and volunteer groups.

b. Public Information.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Judge/Mayor /EMC, who will prepare and maintain Annex I (Public Information) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Establish a Joint Information Center (JIC)
 - b) Conduct on-going hazard awareness and public education programs.
 - c) Pursuant to the Joint Information System (JIS), compile and release information and instructions for the public during emergency situations and respond to questions relating to emergency operations.
 - d) Provide information to the media and the public during emergency situations.
 - e) Arrange for media briefings.
 - f) Compiles print and photo documentation of emergency situations.

c. Recovery.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Chief Building Official, County Tax Assessor, and Finance Director, who will prepare and maintain Annex J (Recovery) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Establish and train a damage assessment team using local personnel. Coordinate the efforts of that team with state and federal damage assessment personnel who may be dispatched to assist us.
 - b) Assess and compile information on damage to public and private property and needs of disaster victims and formulate and carry out programs to fill those needs.
 - c) If damages are beyond our capability to deal with, compile information for use by our elected officials in requesting state or federal disaster assistance.

d) If we are determined to be eligible for state or federal disaster assistance, coordinate with state and federal agencies to carry out authorized recovery programs.

d. Public Works & Engineering.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Commissioners, City Engineer and City Public Works Director, who will prepare and maintain Annex K (Public Works & Engineering) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Protect government facilities and vital equipment where possible.
 - b) Assess damage to streets, bridges, traffic control devices, and other public facilities.
 - c) Direct temporary repair of vital facilities.
 - d) Restore damaged roads and bridges.
 - e) Restore waste treatment and disposal systems.
 - f) Arrange for debris removal.
 - g) General damage assessment support.
 - h) Building inspection support.
 - i) Provide specialized equipment to support emergency operations.
 - j) Support traffic control and search and rescue operations.

e. Utilities.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Commissioners and Public Works Director, who will prepare and maintain Annex L (Energy and Utilities) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Prioritize restoration of utility service to vital facilities and other facilities.
 - b) Arrange for the provision of emergency power sources where required.
 - c) Identify requirements for emergency drinking water and portable toilets to the department or agency responsible for mass care.
 - d) Assess damage to, repair, and restore public utilities.
 - e) Monitor recovery activities of privately owned utilities.

f. Resource Management.

- Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the City Human Resources Director, City Purchasing Director and County Auditor's Office, who will prepare and maintain Annex M (Resource Management) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Maintain an inventory of emergency resources.
 - b) During emergency operations, locates supplies, equipment, and personnel to meet specific needs.

- c) Maintain a list of suppliers for supplies and equipment needed immediately in the aftermath of an emergency.
- d) Establish emergency purchasing procedures and coordinate emergency procurements.
- e) Establish and maintain a manpower reserve and coordinate assignment of reserve personnel to departments and agencies that require augmentation.
- f) Coordinate transportation, sorting, temporary storage, and distribution of resources during emergency situations.
- g) Establish staging areas for resources, if required.
- h) During emergency operations, identify to the Donations Management Coordinator those goods, services, and personnel that are needed.
- i) Maintain records of emergency-related expenditures for purchases and personnel.

g. Human Services.

- 1) Primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the City & County Human Services Director and the Director of Red Cross. Prepare and maintain Annex O (Human Services) to this plan and supporting SOPs
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Identify emergency feeding sites.
 - b) Identify sources of clothing for disaster victims.
 - c) Secure emergency food supplies.
 - d) Coordinate the operation of shelter facilities, whether operated by local government, local volunteer groups, or organized disaster relief agencies such as the American Red Cross.
 - e) Coordinate special care requirements for disaster victims such as the aged, functional and access needs individuals, and others.
 - f) Coordinate the provision of disaster mental health services to disaster victims, emergency workers, and/or others suffering trauma due to the emergency incident/disaster.

h. Hazard Mitigation.

- 1) The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Commissioners and City Engineers, who will prepare and maintain Annex P (Hazard Mitigation) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Maintain the local Hazard Analysis.
 - b) Identify beneficial pre-disaster hazard mitigation projects and seek approval from local officials to implement such projects.
 - c) In the aftermath of an emergency, determine appropriate actions to mitigate the situation and coordinate implementation of those actions.
 - d) Coordinate and carry out post-disaster hazard mitigation program.
- i. Transportation.

- 1) The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the Emergency Management Coordinator and ISD Superintendents, who will prepare and maintain Annex S (Transportation) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Identifies local public and private transportation resources and coordinates their use in emergencies.
 - b) Coordinates deployment of transportation equipment to support emergency operations.
 - c) Establishes and maintains a reserve pool of drivers, maintenance personnel, parts, and tools.
 - d) Maintains records on use of transportation equipment and personnel for purpose of possible reimbursement.

j. Donations Management.

- 1) The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the County Auditor and City Finance Director, who will prepare and maintain Annex T (Donations Management) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Compile resource requirements identified by the Resource Management staff.
 - b) Solicit donations to meet known needs.
 - c) Establish and implement procedures to receive, accept or turn down offers of donated goods and services, and provide instructions to donors of needed goods or services.
 - d) In coordination with the Resource Management staff, establish a facility to receive, sort, and distribute donated goods.

k. Legal.

- The primary responsibility for this function is assigned to the City Attorney or County Attorney, who will prepare and maintain Annex U (Legal) to this plan and supporting SOPs.
- 2) Emergency tasks to be performed include:
 - a) Advise local officials on emergency powers of local government and procedures for invoking those measures.
 - b) Review and advise our officials on possible legal issues arising from disaster operations.
 - c) Prepare and/or recommend legislation to implement the emergency powers that may be required during an emergency.
 - d) Advise local officials and department heads on record-keeping requirements and other documentation necessary for the exercising of emergency powers.

 Department and agency heads not assigned a specific function in this plan will be prepared to make their resources available for emergency duty at the direction of our chief elected official.

7. Volunteer & Other Services

- a. Volunteer Groups. The following are local volunteer agencies that can provide disaster relief services and traditionally have coordinated their efforts with our local government:
 - 1) Lufkin Chapter, American Red Cross.

Provides shelter management, feeding at fixed facilities and through mobile units, first aid, replacement of eyeglasses and medications, provision of basic clothing, and limited financial assistance to those affected by emergency situations. The Red Cross also provides feeding for emergency workers.

2) The Salvation Army.

Provides emergency assistance to include mass and mobile feeding, temporary shelter, counseling, missing person services, medical assistance, and the warehousing and distribution of donated goods including food, clothing, and household items. It also provides referrals to government and private agencies for special services.

3) Southern Baptist Convention Disaster Relief.

Provides mobile feeding units staffed by volunteers. Active in providing disaster childcare, the agency has several mobile childcare units. Can also assist with clean-up activities, temporary repairs, reconstruction, counseling, and bilingual services.

4) RACES.

The Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service provides amateur radio support for emergency operations, including communications support in the EOC.

b. Business Support

Angelina County has established a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with businesses within Angelina County to provide heavy equipment, perishable items, portable toilets, miscellaneous items, etc. for use within the County and/or for distribution to those affected within the County during times of emergencies.

Angelina County has MOU's with the following businesses:

- a. Mustang/CAT The Rental Store, RSC Equipment Rental, and United Rentals to provide generators, heavy equipment, and other equipment to assist in debris removal during times of emergencies.
- A-1 Johnny Portable Toilets to provide portable toilets for distribution as needed during times of emergencies.
- c. Brookshire Brothers to provide food, water, ice, and other perishable items for distribution to those affected within Angelina County during times of emergencies.
- d. Polk Oil to provide fuel, petroleum supplies, and other available items as needed for distribution to those affected within Angelina County during times of emergencies.
- e. Wal-Mart to provide food, water, ice, and miscellaneous supplies for distribution to those affected within Angelina County during times of emergencies.

Summaries of the MOU's mentioned above can be found in Attachment 6 of this plan, and copies of the MOU's can be found in Attachment in 8 of this plan.

VII. DIRECTION AND CONTROL

A. General

- 1. The County Judge or Mayor is responsible for establishing objectives and policies for emergency management and providing general guidance for disaster response and recovery operations, all in compliance with the NIMS. During disasters, he/she may carry out those responsibilities from the EOC.
- 2. The Judge Pro-tem to the County Judge, City Manager, or EMC will provide overall direction of the response activities of all our departments. During major emergencies and disaster, he/she will normally carry out those responsibilities from the EOC.
- 3. Emergency Management Coordinator will manage the EOC.
- 4. The Incident Commander, assisted by a staff sufficient for the tasks to be performed, will manage the emergency response at an incident site.
- 5. During emergency operations, department heads retain administrative and policy control over their employees and equipment. However, personnel and equipment will carry out mission assignments directed by the incident commander. Each department and agency is responsible for having its own operating procedures to be followed during response operations, but interagency procedures, such as common communications protocol, may be adopted to facilitate coordinated effort.
- 6. If our own resources are insufficient or inappropriate to deal with an emergency situation, we may request assistance from other jurisdictions, organized volunteer groups, or the

State. The process for requesting State or federal assistance is covered in section V.F of this plan; see also the Request for Assistance form in Annex M, Appendix 3. External agencies are expected to conform to the general guidance and directed provided by our senior decision-makers.

B. Emergency Facilities

- 1. Incident Command Post. Except when an emergency situation threatens, but has not yet occurred, and those situations for which there is no specific hazard impact site (such as a severe winter storm or area-wide utility outage), an incident command post or command posts will be established in the vicinity of the incident site(s). As noted previously, the incident commander will be responsible for directing the emergency response and managing the resources at the incident scene.
- 2. Emergency Operating Center. When major emergencies and disasters have occurred or appear imminent, we will activate our EOC, which is located at 606 E. Lufkin Avenue, Room 203, Lufkin, Texas.
- 3. The following individuals are authorized to activate the EOC:
 - a. County Judge and Mayor
 - b. City Manager
 - c. Emergency Management Coordinator
- 4. The general responsibilities of the EOC are to:
 - a. Assemble accurate information on the emergency situation and current resource data to allow local officials to make informed decisions on courses of action.
 - b. Working with representatives of emergency services, determine and prioritize required response actions and coordinate their implementation.
 - c. Provide resource support for emergency operations.
 - d. Suspend or curtail government services, recommend the closure of schools and businesses, and cancellation of public events.
 - e. Organize and activate large-scale evacuation and mass care operations.
 - f. Provide emergency information to the public.
- 5. Representatives of those departments and agencies assigned emergency functions in this plan will staff the EOC. EOC operations are addressed in Annex N (Direction and Control). The interface between the EOC and the incident command post is described in paragraph V.E above.
- 6. Our Alternate EOC is located at Angelina County Courthouse and City of Lufkin Street Department building on Mott St. This facility will be used if our primary EOC becomes unusable.

7. We have a mobile command and control vehicle, operated by Angelina County Sheriff's Office and City of Lufkin fire Department, which may be used as an incident command post.

C. Line of Succession

- 1. The line of succession for the County Judge is:
 - a. County Judge Pro-tem
 - b. County Commissioners
- 2. The line of succession for the Mayor is:
 - a. Mayor Pro-tem
 - b. City Council
- 3. The line of succession for the Assistant City Manager to the City Manager is:
 - a. Fire Chief
 - b. Public Works Director
 - c. Police Chief
- 4. The line of succession for the Emergency Management Coordinator is:
 - a. Sheriff
 - b. Adult Probation Chief
 - c. Landfill Director
- 6. The lines of succession for each of our department and agency heads shall be in accordance with the SOPs established by those departments and agencies.

VIII. READINESS LEVELS

- A. Many emergencies follow some recognizable build-up period during which actions can be taken to achieve a gradually increasing state of readiness. We use a four-tier system. Readiness Levels will be determined by the Mayor and County Judge or, for certain circumstances, the Emergency Management Coordinator. General actions to be taken at each readiness level are outlined in the annexes to this plan; more specific actions will be detailed in departmental or agency SOPs.
- B. The following Readiness Levels will be used as a means of increasing our alert posture.
 - 1. Level 4: Normal Conditions
 - a. Emergency incidents occur and local officials are notified. One or more departments or agencies respond to handle the incident; an incident command post may be established. Limited assistance may be requested from other jurisdictions pursuant to established inter-local agreements.

b. The normal operations of government are not affected.

2. Level 3: Increased Readiness

- a. Increased Readiness refers to a situation that presents a greater potential threat than "Level 4", but poses no immediate threat to life and/or property. Increased readiness actions may be appropriate when the situations similar to the following occur:
 - 1) <u>Tropical Weather Threat.</u> A tropical weather system has developed that has the potential to impact the local area. Readiness actions may include regular situation monitoring, a review of plans and resource status, determining staff availability and placing personnel on-call.
 - 2) <u>Tornado Watch</u> indicates possibility of tornado development. Readiness actions may include increased situation monitoring and placing selected staff on alert.
 - 3) Flash Flood Watch indicates flash flooding is possible due to heavy rains occurring or expected to occur. Readiness actions may include increased situation-monitoring, reconnaissance of known trouble spots, deploying warning signs.
 - 4) Wildfire Threat. During periods of extreme wildfire threat, readiness actions may include deploying additional resources to areas most at risk, arranging for standby commercial water tanker support, conducting daily aerial reconnaissance, or initiating burn bans.
 - 5) Mass Gathering. For mass gatherings with previous history of problems, readiness actions may include reviewing security, traffic control, fire protection, and first aid planning with organizers and determining additional requirements.
- b. Declaration of "Level 3" will generally require the initiation of the "Increased Readiness" activities identified in each annex to this plan.

3. Level 2: High Readiness

- a. High Readiness refers to a situation with a significant potential and probability of causing loss of life and/or property. This condition will normally require some degree of warning to the public. Actions could be triggered by severe weather warning information issued by the National Weather Service such as:
 - Tropical Weather Threat. A tropical weather system may impact the local area within 72 hours. Readiness actions may include continuous storm monitoring, identifying worst-case decision points, increasing preparedness of personnel and equipment, updating evacuation checklists, verifying evacuation route status, and providing the public information for techniques to protect homes and businesses on the evacuation routes.
 - 2) <u>Tornado Warning.</u> Issued when a tornado has actually been sighted in the vicinity or indicted by radio, and may strike in the local area. Readiness actions may include activating the EOC, continuous situation monitoring, and notifying the public about the warning.

- 3) Flash Flood Warning. Issued to alert persons that flash flooding is imminent or occurring on certain steams or designated areas, and immediate action should be taken. Readiness actions may include notifying the public about the warning, evacuating low-lying areas, open shelters to house evacuees, and continuous situation monitoring.
- 4) Winter Storm Warning. Issued when heavy snow, sleet, or freezing rain are forecast to occur separately or in a combination. Readiness actions may include preparing for possible power outages, putting road crews on stand-by to clear and/or sand the roads, and continuous situation monitoring.
- 5) Mass Gathering. Civil disorder with relatively large-scale localized violence is imminent. Readiness actions may include increased law enforcement presence, putting hospitals and fire departments on alert and continuous situation monitoring.
- b. Declaration of a "Level 2" will generally require the initiation of the "High Readiness" activities identified in each annex to this plan.

4. Level 1: Maximum Readiness

- a. Maximum Readiness refers to situation that hazardous conditions are imminent. This condition denotes a greater sense of danger and urgency than associated with a "Level 2" event. Actions could also be generated by severe weather warning information issued by the National Weather Service combined with factors making the event more imminent.
 - 1) <u>Tropical Weather Threat.</u> The evacuation decision period is nearing for an approaching tropical weather system that may impact the local area. Readiness actions may include continuous situation monitoring, cull activation of the EOC, recommending precautionary actions for special facilities, placing emergency personnel and equipment into position for emergency operations, and preparing public transportation resources for evacuation support.
 - Tornado Warning. Tornado has been sited especially close to a populated area or moving towards a populated area. Readiness actions may include taking immediate shelter and put damage assessment teams on stand-by.
 - 3) <u>Flash Flood Warning.</u> Flooding is imminent or occurring at specific locations. Readiness actions may include evacuations, rescue teams on alert, sheltering evacuees and/or others displaced by the flooding, and continuous monitoring of the situation.
 - 4) Mass Gathering. Civil disorder is about to erupt into large-scale and widespread violence. Readiness actions may include having all EMS units on stand-by, all law enforcement present for duty, notify the DDC that assistance may be needed and keep them apprised of the situation, and continuous situation monitoring is required.

b. Declaration of "Level 1" will generally require the initiation of the "Maximum Readiness" activities identified in each annex to this plan.

IX. ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT

A. Agreements and Contracts

- 1. Should our local resources prove to be inadequate during an emergency; requests will be made for assistance from other local jurisdictions, other agencies, and industry in accordance with existing mutual-aid agreements and contracts and those agreements and contracts concluded during the emergency. Such assistance may include equipment, supplies, or personnel. All agreements will be entered into by authorized officials and should be in writing whenever possible. Agreements and contracts should identify the local officials authorized to request assistance pursuant to those documents.
- 2. In an effort to facilitate assistance pursuant to mutual aid agreements, our available resources are identified and are a part of the Texas Regional Response Network (TRRN).
- 3. The agreements and contracts pertinent to emergency management that we are a party to are summarized in Attachment 6.

B. Reports

- 1. Hazardous Materials Spill Reporting. If we are responsible for a release of hazardous materials of a type or quantity that must be reported to state and federal agencies, the department or agency responsible for the spill shall make the required report. See Annex Q, Hazardous Materials and Oil Spill Response, for more information. If the party responsible for a reportable spill cannot be located, the Incident Commander shall ensure that the required report(s) are made.
- Initial Emergency Report. This short report should be prepared and transmitted by the EOC when an on-going emergency incident appears likely to worsen and we may need assistance from other local governments or the State. See Annex N, Direction and Control for the format and instructions for this report.
- 3. Situation Report. A daily situation report should be prepared and distributed by the EOC during major emergencies or disasters. See Annex N, Direction and Control, for the format of and instructions for this report.
- 4. Other Reports. Several other reports covering specific functions are described in the annexes to this plan.

C. Records

1. Record Keeping for Emergency Operations

Angelina County and the cities adhering to this plan are responsible for establishing the administrative controls necessary to manage the expenditure of funds and to provide reasonable accountability and justification for expenditures made to support emergency

operations. This shall be done in accordance with the established local fiscal policies and standard cost accounting procedures.

- a. Activity Logs. The Incident Command Post and the EOC shall maintain accurate logs recording key response activities, including:
 - 1) Activation or deactivation of emergency facilities.
 - 2) Emergency notifications to other local governments and to state and federal agencies.
 - 3) Significant changes in the emergency situation.
 - 4) Major commitments of resources or requests for additional resources from external sources.
 - 5) Issuance of protective action recommendations to the public.
 - 6) Evacuations.
 - 7) Casualties.
 - 8) Containment or termination of the incident.
- b. Incident Costs. All departments and agencies shall maintain records summarizing the use of personnel, equipment, and supplies during the response to day-to-day incidents to obtain an estimate of annual emergency response costs that can be used as in preparing future department or agency budgets.
- c. Emergency or Disaster Costs. For major emergencies or disasters, all departments and agencies participating in the emergency response shall maintain detailed of costs for emergency operations to include:
 - 1) Personnel costs, especially overtime costs
 - 2) Equipment operations costs
 - 3) Costs for leased or rented equipment
 - 4) Costs for contract services to support emergency operations
 - 5) Costs of specialized supplies expended for emergency operations

These records may be used to recover costs from the responsible party or insurers or as a basis for requesting financial assistance for certain allowable response and recovery costs from the state and/or federal government.

2. Preservation of Records

- a. In order to continue normal government operations following an emergency situation disaster, vital records must be protected. These include legal documents as well as property and tax records. The principal causes of damage to records are fire and water; therefore, essential records should be protected accordingly. Each agency responsible for preparation of annexes to this plan will include protection of vital records in its SOPs.
- b. If records are damaged during an emergency situation, we will seek professional assistance to preserve and restore them.

D. Training

It will be the responsibility of each agency director to ensure that agency personnel, in accordance with the NIMS, possess the level of training, experience, credentialing, currency, physical and medical fitness, or capability for any positions they are tasked to fill.

E. Consumer Protection

Consumer complaints regarding alleged unfair or illegal business practices often occur in the aftermath of a disaster. Such complaints will be referred to the County Attorney, who will pass such complaints to the Consumer Protection Division of the Office of the Attorney General.

F. Post-Incident and Exercise Review

The County Judge and Mayor are responsible for organizing and conducting a critique following the conclusion of a significant emergency event/incident or exercise. The After Action Report (AAR) will entail both written and verbal input from all appropriate participants. An Improvement Plan will be developed based on the deficiencies identified, and an individual, department, or agency will be assigned responsibility for correcting the deficiency and a due date shall be established for that action.

X. PLAN DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Plan Development

The County Judge and Mayors are responsible for approving and promulgating this plan.

B. Distribution of Planning Documents

- The County Judge and Mayor shall determine the distribution of this plan and its annexes. In general, copies of plans and annexes should be distributed to those individuals, departments, agencies, and organizations tasked in this document. Copies should also be set-aside for the EOC and other emergency facilities.
- The Basic Plan should include a distribution list (See Attachment 1 to this plan) that
 indicates who receives copies of the basic plan and the various annexes to it. In general,
 individuals who receive annexes to the basic plan should also receive a copy of this plan,
 because the Basic Plan describes our emergency management organization and basic
 operational concepts.

C. Review

The Basic Plan and its annexes shall be reviewed annually by local officials. The County Judge, Mayor, and will establish a schedule for annual review of planning documents by those tasked in them.

D. Update

- This plan will be updated based upon deficiencies identified during actual emergency situations and exercises and when changes in threat hazards, resources and capabilities, or government structure occur.
- 2. The Basic Plan and its annexes must be revised or updated by a formal change at least every five years. Responsibility for revising or updating the Basic Plan is assigned to the Emergency Management Coordinator. Responsibility for revising or updating the annexes to this plan is outlined in Section VI.B, Assignment of Responsibilities, as well as in each annex. For details on the methods of updating planning documents as well as more information on when changes should be made, refer to Chapter 3 of the Division of Emergency Management (DEM) Local Emergency Management Planning Guide (DEM-10).
- 3. Revised or updated planning documents will be provided to all departments, agencies, and individuals tasked in those documents.
- 4. §418.043(4) of the Government Code provides that DEM shall review local emergency management plans. The process for submitting new or updated planning documents to DEM is described in Chapter 6 of the DEM-10. The County Judge, Mayors, and EMC are responsible for submitting copies of planning documents to our DEM Regional Liaison Officer for review.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Distribution List
- 2. References
- 3. Organization for Emergencies
- 4. Functional Responsibility Matrix
- 5. Annex Assignments
- 6. Summary of Agreements & Contracts
- 7. National Incident Management System
- 8. Agreements, Contracts, & MOU's

ATTACHMENT 1 DISTRIBUTION LIST

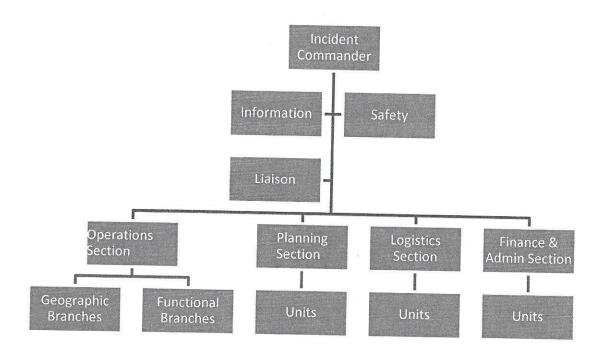
Jurisdiction/Agency Plan	Basic Plan	Annexes
EOC Reference Library	2	
County Judge/ Each Mayor	1	All
Each City Manager	1	All
Each County Commissioner	1	All
EMC	1	All
City Secretary	1	All
County Sheriff	1	All
Each Police Chief	2	All
Each Constable	1	All
Fire Chief/Fire Marshal	1	All
Community Services Director	2	All
County/City Health Officer	1 1	C, E, O
Finance Director/Tax Assessor	1	C, D, H, O, Q
City Public Works Director/County Engineer	1	J, M
Public Utilities Director	1	E, G, J, K, L
Human Resources Director	1	J, K, L
County/City Attorney	1	C, M, O, T
Justices of the Peace	1	All
Medical Director	1	G, H, N
RACES Officer	1	G, H, N
Radiological Officer	1	All
Memorial and Woodland Heights Hospital	1	D, E, Q
County/City Animal Control	1	C, E, S
Each ISD Transportation Director	1	E, H
County/City Independent School District	1	C, E, H, O
Angelina County Local Emergency Planning	1	C, E, O, S All
Committee	1	All
American Red Cross	1	C, E,J, O, T
The Salvation Army	1	C, E,J, O, T C, E,J, O, T
Southern Baptist Convention Disaster Relief	1	C, E, J, O, T
Lufkin Transit System	1	S, E, J, O, 1
		•

ATTACHMENT 2 REFERENCES

- Texas Department of Public Safety, Governor's Division of Emergency Management, Local Emergency Management Planning Guide, DEM-10
- 2. Texas Department of Public Safety, Governor's Division of Emergency Management, *Disaster Recovery Manual*
- 3. Texas Department of Public Safety, Governor's Division of Emergency Management, Mitigation Handbook
- 4. FEMA, Independent Study Course, IS-288: The Role of Voluntary Organizations in Emergency Management
- 5. FEMA, State and Local Guide (SLG) 101: Guide for All-Hazard Emergency Operations Planning
- 6. U. S. Department of Homeland Security, National Response Plan
- 7. 79th Texas Legislature, House Bill 3111

ATTACHMENT 3 ORGANIZATION FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Organization for Emergency Management



ATTACHMENT 4 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

		tions	ass Care	Radiological Protection			ment	dical	nation		s & Engineering		Resource Management	Control	ices	ation	Oil Spill Response	scue	u.	anagement		Terrorist Incident Response
	Warning	Communications	Shelter & Mass Care	Radiologic	Evacuation	Firefighting	Law Enforcement	Health & Medical	Public Information	Recovery	Public Works	Utilities	Resource N	Direction & Control	Human Services	Hazard Mitigation	Hazmat & (Search & Rescue	Transportation	Donations Management	Legal	Terrorist Inc
County Judge/Mayor	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Р	S	S	S	S	Р	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Asst. to Judge/City Manager									S	S			S	S					-	S		
EMC	S	С	С	С	S	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	S	С	С	S	С	С	Р	S	С	С
Law Enforcement	P	Р	S	S	Р	S	Р						S	S	S		S	S	-	S	-	P
Fire Service	S	S	S	Р	S	Р		S					S	S		S	Р	Р	 	S		S
County Commissioners/Public Works Director		S	S	S	S		S			S	Р	Р	S	S		Р	S	S		0		S
Health & Medical Services			S	S	S			Р					S	S	S		S	S	S	S		S
Human Services			S		S								S		P	S			0	S		S
Community Services			Р	S	S								S	S	S					S		S
Human Resources											\neg		P		$\overline{}$		-	-		S		5
Chief Building Inspector/County Tax Assessor/City Finance Dir.										Р			S			S				3		
ISD Superintendents			S		S								S		S	\neg	S		Р			S
City/County Attorney's Office					S								S			S				S	Р	S
Search & Rescue					S							+	+	S	\dashv	-	-	Р		\dashv	-	S
Public Information Officer	S	S	A STATE OF S						S		1				\dashv	\dashv		•	\dashv	\dashv	-	S
County Auditor/City Finance Director										1										Р		3
		_	1																			

P - INDICATES PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY

S - INDICATES SUPPORT RESPONSIBILITY

C - INDICATES COORDINATION RESPONSIBILITY

ATTACHMENT 5 ANNEX ASSIGNMENTS

ANNEX	ASSIGNED TO:
Annex A: Warning	Police Chief/County Sheriff
Annex B: Communications	Police Chief/County Sheriff
Annex C: Shelter & Mass Care	Red Cross Director
Annex D: Radiological Protection	Fire Chief/Fire Marshal
Annex E: Evacuation	Police Chief/County Sheriff
Annex F: Firefighting	Fire Chief/Assistant Chief/Fire Marshal
Annex G: Law Enforcement	Police Chief/County Sheriff
Annex H: Public Health & Medical Services	Angelina County & Cities Health District/EMS Services
Annex I: Public Information	County Judge/Mayor/EMC
Annex J: Recovery	Chief Building Official/County Tax Assessor/City Finance Director
Annex K: Public Works & Engineering	County Commissioners/City Engineer/Public Works/
Annex L: Utilities	County Commissioners/Public Works
Annex M: Resource Management	City Human Resources Director/City Purchasing Director/County Auditor's Office
Annex N: Direction & Control	County Judge/Mayor
Annex O: Human Services	City & County Human Services Director/Red Cross Director
Annex P: Hazard Mitigation	County Commissioners/City Engineers
Annex Q: Hazardous Materials & Oil Spill Response	Fire Chief/Fire Marshal
Annex R: Search & Rescue	Fire Chief/Fire Marshal
Annex S: Transportation	EMC/ISD Superintendents
Annex T: Donations Management	County Auditor/City Finance Director
Annex U: Legal	City/County Attorney
Annex V: Terrorist Incident Response	Police Chiefs/County Sheriff

ATTACHMENT 6 SUMMARY OF AGREEMENTS & CONTRACTS

Agreements

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and the City of Lufkin. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or City of Lufkin Mayor Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and the City of Lufkin

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and the City of Diboll Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or City of Diboll Mayor Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and the City of Diboll

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and the City of Hudson. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or City of Hudson Mayor Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and the City of Hudson

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and the City of Huntington. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or City of Huntington Mayor Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and the City of Huntington

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and the City of Zavalla. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or City of Zavalla Mayor Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and the City of Zavalla

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between the counties of Angelina and Nacogdoches and the incorporated cities of each aforementioned county.

Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aide among the cities and counties of Angelina and Nacogdoches (herein referred to as the "counties" and "cities") in meeting any emergency disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Nacogdoches County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the city or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided that expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County, Nacogdoches County, and the Incorporated Cities of each County

Description: Mutual Aide Agreement between Angelina County and Polk County. Summary of Provisions: The County of Polk and the County of Angelina hereby agrees to provide through its Director of Public Works such mutual aide as may be requested by a governmental unit which has emergency conditions of a natural disaster as defined by Texas law. The aide rendered shall be to the extent of available personnel and equipment not required for minimum needs of the County of Polk and the County of Angelina. The judgment of the Director of Public Works or his designee shall be final as to the personnel and equipment so available. Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Polk County Judge

Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aide in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aide, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Polk County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between the Counties of Jasper and Angelina and the incorporated Cities of each aforementioned County.

Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aid among the cities and counties of Jasper and Angelina (herein referred to as the "counties" and "cities") in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Jasper County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aid in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aide for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid, and for the coast incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provided further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Jasper County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between the Counties of Smith and Angelina. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to ensure the protection of the citizens of each county in the event of a major emergency or disaster. This agreement recognizes that the prompt and effective utilization of resources, including personnel, equipment, and supplies are a necessary component of responding to an emergency or disaster situation. This agreement further recognizes that in the event of a major emergency or disaster situation, the welfare of our citizens may require the assistance of other governmental entities in order to provide adequate protection and services.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Smith County Judge Costs: The purpose of these recitals is to insure that any covered entity providing aid to another covered entity is reimbursed for all costs, damages, and expenses incurred from the provision of aid and assumes no additional liabilities as a result of this agreement. Each covered entity shall provide such reimbursement within 30 days of receipt of a claim for reimbursement from a covered entity from whom aid was requested.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Smith County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between the Counties of Houston and Angelina. Summary of Provisions: The County of Houston and The County of Angelina hereby agrees to provide through its County Commissioners such mutual aid as may be requested by a governmental unit which has emergency conditions of a natural disaster as defined by Texas law. The aid rendered shall be to the extent of available personnel and equipment not required for minimum needs of the County of Houston and the County of Angelina. The judgment of the County Commissioners or his designee shall be final as to the personnel and equipment so available. Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Houston County Judge Costs: The purpose of these recitals is to insure that the County of Houston and the County of Angelina is reimbursed all costs and assumes no additional liabilities as a result of this agreement. Neither party to this agreement shall be liable, for its failure to refusal to render aid pursuant to

this agreement. The County Judge/County Commissioner shall in his sole discretion determine the manner which such emergency aid may be used. (or his /her designee in charge of operations) Copies Held By: Angelina County and Houston County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between Angelina County and Tyler County..

Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aid among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Tyler County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aid in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aid for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering to request for aid, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provide further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Tyler County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between Angelina County and San Augustine County. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aid among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or San Augustine County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aid in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aid for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering to request for aid, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provide further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and San Augustine County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between Angelina County and Trinity County. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aid among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and Trinity County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aid in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aid for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering to request for aid, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provide further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Trinity County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement between Angelina County and Cherokee County. Summary of Provisions: The purpose of this agreement is to provide mutual aid among the cities and counties in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause, natural or otherwise.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge and/or Cherokee County Judge Costs: Any party, city, or county rendering aid in another city or county pursuant to this agreement shall be reimbursed by the party, city, or county receiving such aid for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering to request for aid, and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party, city, or county may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense, or other cost, and provide further that any two (2) or more party, cities, or counties may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those cities or counties.

Copies Held By: Angelina County and Cherokee County

Description: Mutual Aid Agreement for Regional Councils of Government. Angelina County and the Cities Thereof are part of the Sate Planning Region 14, of the Deep East Texas Council of Governments. Counties involved in this region consist of Angelina, Houston, Jasper, Nacogdoches, Newton, Polk, Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby, Trinity and Tyler. Mutual aid agreements are in place between Angelina County and all the participants to Region 14

Summary of Provisions: The governing officials of the Parties desire to secure for each Party the benefits of mutual aid and protection of life and property in the event of a disaster and/or civil emergency.

The Parties wish to make suitable arrangements for furnishing mutual aid in coping with disasters and/or civil emergencies and are so authorized.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Angelina County Judge

Costs: All costs associated with the provision of mutual aid, such as damage to equipment and clothing, medical expenses, and expenses of travel, food, and lodging, shall be paid by the Party rendering aid, although the Party rendering aid may be reimbursed by the requesting Party for such costs if the Parties in question so agree. Personnel who are assigned, designated or ordered by their governing body to perform duties pursuant to this Agreement shall continue to receive the same wages, salary, pension, and other compensation and benefits for the performance of such duties, including injury or death benefits, disability payments, and worker's compensation benefits, as though the service had been rendered within the limits of the jurisdiction where the personnel are regularly employed.

Copies Held By: The individual Counties, Deep East Texas Council of Governments, Office of Emergency Management.

Description: Mutual Aide Agreements

Summary of Provisions: Mutual Aid agreements are in place for all fire departments in Angelina

County.

Officials Authorized to Implement: Fire Chief

Copies Held By: Fire Departments in Angelina County.

Contracts

Description:

Summary of Provisions:

Officials Authorized to Implement:

Costs:

Copies Held By:

Description:

Summary of Provisions:

Officials Authorized to Implement:

Costs:

Copies Held By:

Memorandums of Understanding

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between Wal-Mart and Angelina County, Texas. Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina county, Texas and Wal-Mart during a time of natural or man-made disaster, which will enable Angelina county to acquire food, water, ice, and miscellaneous supplies for distribution to those affected within Angelina county during times of emergencies.

Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities. Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, Wal-Mart

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between Brookshire Brothers and Angelina County,

Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas and Brookshire Brothers during a time of natural or man-made disaster, which will enable Angelina County to acquire food, water, ice, and other perishable items as needed for distribution to those affected within Angelina county during times of emergencies. Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, Brookshire Brothers

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between A-1 Johnny Portable Toilets and Angelina County, Texas.

Summary of Description: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas and A-1 Johnny Portable Toilets during a time of natural or manmade disaster, which will enable Angelina county to acquire portable toilets as needed for distribution to those affected within Angelina County during times of emergencies.

Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, A-1 Johnny Portable Toilets

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between United Rentals and Angelina County, Texas.

Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas and United Rentals during a time of natural or man-made disaster, which will give Angelina county access to generators, heavy equipment, and other equipment during times of emergencies to assist in debris removal for those affected within Angelina county.

Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, United Rentals

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between RSC Equipment Rental and Angelina County, Texas.

Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas and RSC Equipment Rental during a time of natural or manmade disaster, which will give Angelina County access to generators, heavy equipment, and other equipment during times of emergencies to assist in debris removal for those affected within Angelina County.

Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, RSC Equipment Rental

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between Mustang/CAT The Rental Store and Angelina County, Texas.

Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas Mustang/CAT The Rental Store during a time of natural or manmade disaster, which will give Angelina County access to generators, heavy equipment, and other equipment during times of emergencies to assist in debris removal for those affected within Angelina County.

Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC, Mustang/CAT The Rental Store

Description: Memorandum of Understanding between Polk Oil and Angelina County, Texas. Summary of Provisions: This Memorandum of Understanding is to provide mutual support between Angelina County, Texas and Polk Oil during a time of natural or man-made disaster, which will enable Angelina County to acquire fuel, petroleum supplies, and other available items as needed for distribution to those affected within Angelina County during times of emergencies. Officials Authorized to Implement: County Judge

Costs: Each organization retains its own identity in providing service, and each organization is responsible for establishing its own policies and financing its own activities.

Copies held by: Angelina County Judge, Angelina County EMC. Polk Oil

ATTACHMENT 7 NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (NIMS) SUMMARY

A. BACKGROUND

- NIMS is a comprehensive, national approach to incident management that is applicable to all jurisdictional levels and across functional disciplines. This system is suitable across a wide range of incidents and hazard scenarios, regardless of size or complexity. It provides a flexible framework for all phases of incident management, as well as requirements for processes, procedures, and systems designed to improve interoperability.
- 2. NIMS is a multifaceted system that provides a national framework for preparing for, preventing, responding to, and recovering from domestic incidents.

B. COMPONENTS

- 1. <u>Command and Management</u>. The incident management structures employed by NIMS can be used to manage emergency incidents or non-emergency events such as celebrations. The system works equally well for small incidents and large-scale emergency situations. The system has built-in flexibility to grow or shrink depending on current needs. It is a standardized system, so personnel from a variety of agencies and geographic locations can be rapidly incorporated into a common management structure.
 - a. Incident Management System. A system that can be used to manage emergency incidents or non-emergency events such as celebrations.

1) FEATURES OF ICS

ICS has a number of features that work together to make it a real management system. Among the primary attributes of ICS are:

- a) Common Terminology. ICS requires the use of common terminology, such as the use of standard titles for facilities and positions within an organization, to ensure efficient and clear communications.
- b) Organizational Resources. All resources including personnel, facilities, major equipment, and supply items used to support incident management activities must be "typed" with respect to capability. This typing will minimize confusion and enhance interoperability.
- c) Manageable Span of Control. Span of control should ideally vary from three to seven. Anything less or more requires expansion or consolidation of the organization.
- d) Organizational Facilities. Common terminology is used to define incident facilities, the activities conducted at these facilities, and the organizational positions that can be found working there.

- e) Use of Position Titles. All ICS positions have distinct titles.
- f) Reliance on an Incident Action Plan. The incident action plan, which may be verbal or written, is intended to provide supervisory personnel a common understanding of the situation and direction for future action. The plan includes a statement of objectives, organizational description, assignments, and support material such as maps. Written plans are desirable when two or more jurisdictions are involved, when state and/or federal agencies are assisting local response personnel, or there has been significant turnover in the incident staff.
- g) Integrated Communications. Integrated communications includes interfacing disparate communications as effectively as possible, planning for the use of all available systems and frequencies, and requiring the use of clear text in communications.
- h) Accountability. ICS is based on an orderly chain of command, check-in for all responders, and only one supervisor for each responder.

2) UNIFIED COMMAND

- a) Unified Command is a variant of ICS used when there is more than one agency or jurisdiction with responsibility for the incident or when personnel and equipment from a number of different agencies or jurisdictions are responding to it. This might occur when the incident site crosses jurisdictional boundaries or when an emergency situation involves matters for which state and/or federal agencies have regulatory responsibility or legal requirements.
- b) ICS Unified Command is intended to integrate the efforts of multiple agencies and jurisdictions. The major change from a normal ICS structure is at the top. In a Unified command, senior representatives of each agency or jurisdiction responding to the incident collectively agree on objectives, priorities, and an overall strategy or strategies to accomplish objectives; approve a coordinated Incident Action Plan; and designate an Operations Section Chief. The Operations Section Chief is responsible for managing available resources to achieve objectives. Agency and jurisdictional resources remain under the administrative control of their agencies or jurisdictions, but respond to mission assignments and direction provided by the Operations Section Chief based on the requirements of the Incident Action Plan.

3) AREA COMMAND

- a) An Area Command is intended for situations where there are multiple incidents that are each being managed by an ICS organization or to oversee the management of large or multiple incidents to which several Incident Management Teams have been assigned. Area Command becomes Unified Area Command when incidents are multijurisdictional.
- b) The organization of an Area Command is different from a Unified Command in that there is no operations section, since all operations are conducted onscene, at the separate ICPs.

- b. Multiagency Coordination Systems. Multiagency coordination systems may be required for incidents that require higher level resource management or information management. The components of multiagency coordination systems include facilities, equipment, EOCs, specific multiagency coordination entities, personnel, procedures, and communications; all of which are integrated into a common framework for coordinating and supporting incident management.
- c. Public Information. The NIMS system fully integrates the ICS Joint Information System (JIS) and the Joint Information Center (JIC). The JIC is a physical location where public information staff involved in incident management activities can collocate to perform critical emergency information, crisis communications, and public affairs functions. More information on JICs can be obtained in the DHS National Incident Management System Plan, dated March 2004.
- Preparedness. Preparedness activities include planning, training, and exercises as well
 as certification of response personnel, and equipment acquisition and certification.
 Activities would also include the creation of mutual aid agreements and Emergency
 Management Assistance Compacts. Any public information activities such as publication
 management would also be preparedness activities.
- 3. <u>Resource Management</u>. All resources, such as equipment and personnel, must be identified and typed. Systems for describing, inventorying, requesting, and tracking resources must also be established.
- 4. <u>Communications and Information Management</u>. Adherence to NIMS specified standards by all agencies ensures interoperability and compatibility in communications and information management.
- 5. <u>Supporting Technologies.</u> This would include any technologies that enhance the capabilities essential to implementing the NIMS. For instance, voice and data communication systems, resource tracking systems, or data display systems.
- 6. Ongoing Management and Maintenance. The NIMS Integration Center provides strategic direction and oversight in support of routine review and continual refinement of both the system and its components over the long term.